AS THE NATION'S GUEST.

THE DUKE OF VERAGUA ARRIVES HERE.

CORDIALLY WELCOMED AT QUARANTINE BY

COMMANDER DICKINS. The Duke of Veragua, the descendant of Christopher lumbus, arrived here yesterday on the American Line steamship New-York as the guest of the Nation, and was received with appropriate ceremonies. was met at Quarantine by the representatives of the National and city governments and escorted to his apartments at the Waldorf, where the freedom of the was presented to him, and where he was serenmbers of the Spanish colony in the evening

The New-York arrived, as was expected, in the early morning, having made the trip in 6 days, 16 hours and 11 minutes, about four and a half hours behind the record. Her speed was retarded by heavy fogs, through which she ran during the last two or three days of the passage, and when her anchor chains rattled out at Quarantine in the gray light of yesterday morning, the pall of mist and rain still surrounded The Stars and Stripes hung limp at her nd the Union Jack barely fluttered at her bow. The first one to board her was Commander Francis

W. Dickins, of the United States Navy, who has been detailed to act as escort to the Duke during his visit o this country. He went down to Quarantine Friday evening on the revenue cutter U. S. Grant, and bearder New-York shortly after 6 o'clock in the morning. His address of welcome was delivered in Spanish, of which the following is a translation:

"I have the honor to greet Your Excellency and your illustrious companions in the name of His Exellency, the President of the United States, and the ecretary of State, and beg to say that the whole tinguished guests, the descendants of the great Admiral, Christopher Columbus, and hopes that Your Excellency will enjoy all possible happiness during the time you will pass it this country, which receives Your Excellency with the greatest satisfaction and places itself at your disposal."

The Duke replied in Spanish, thanking Commande Dickins and the officers and people of the United States for the courteous words with which they welcomed him. He said he felt that it was a great honor be received as the guest of the United States at this time when the memory and achievements of his flustrious ancestor were being honored. Commander Dickins was then presented to the members of the Duke's party. They were the Duchess of he wife of the Duke; their son, Don Cristobal Colon de Aguilera; their daughter, Dona Maria del Pilar; Marquis of Barbolis, the Duke's prother, formerly a lieutenant in the Spanish Navy, and the son of the Marquis, Don Pedro Colon y Bertodano, ninetee

The Duke is a man of medium height, of active temperament and dark complexion, and has the general appearance of one who takes life seriously. His bearing under the somewhat trying experiences of the day created a favorable impression and drew forth many commendations. His name is Cristobal Colon de Toledo y Larrentegui de le Corda, Ramires de Baquedano Grand, etc., etc., adding the name of his paternal and maternal ancestors, as many as he His titles are Admiral and Adelantado Mayor de las Indias, which were derived from the discoverer himself, upon whom they were conferred at Santa Fe, Granada, in 1492, according dations made with the Catholic kings before salled for the new world; Duke de Veragua and de la Vega, which were granted to Christopher Colum bus's grandson, Don Luts Columbus, in 1537; Marquis of Jamaica; Grandee of Spain and Senator of the Kingdom; Caballero de la Insigne Orden del Toison de Oro Grand Cruz de Carlos III; Grand Cruz de la Concepcion de Villariciesa (from Portugal); Gentillombre de Camara of the late King Don Alf XII, and of the present King Don Alfonso XIII: ber of the Royal Council of Agriculture, Industry and Commerce, and President of the Society for the

Protection of Children. The Duke was born in Madrid in 1837. His father was Don Pedro Colon, the eighth Duke of Veragua, the descendant in the direct line from Don Luis Colon, the first Duke, who was the son of Diego, the only legitimate son of Christopher Columbus. Duke's mother was Dona Maria del Pilar de la Cerda, distinguished for her accomplishments and noble blood. The family name, De la Cerda, was derived from the Infante Don Fernando, son of Don Alfonso X, King of Castile, who was kept from the throne of his uncle, Don Sancho IV.

The Duke was educated at the University of Mud:14, where he received a degree corresponding to LL. D. He began his political career in 1870, and was three elected a member of the lower house, the Congreso de Diputados. Since 1876 he has sat in the apper chamber, the Senado, to which as a grandee of especially interested in agriculture and in the provement of cattle. In 1867 he married Dona Isabel de Aguilera, daughter of the Marquis de Benalua of the house of Cerralbo. The Duchess is the Lady of Honor to Her Majesty the Queen Regent of Spain The daughter is eighteen years old and speaks English. The son is fourteen years old. The Duke's secretary and Dona Maria's governess accompany the party.

The steamboat Blackbird was placed at the diposal of the reception committee representing the She was to have left Pier A. North River, at 6:30 a. m., but did not start until 7:15, after the news had been received that the New-York was at Quarantine. The breakfast which was to have been served to those on board did not arrive and the members of the committee were compelled to make the warmth of welcome in their hearts compensate them for the cold and hunger.

There were present deperal H- ace Porter, chairman of the committee; Isidor Straus, G. T. Davidson, Cornelius N. Bliss, Rodrigo de Saarvedra, Marquis d Villa Loben, secretary of the Spanish legation at Washington; Senor Don Enrique Dupuy de Lome, formerly Spanish Minister to the United States, now ssioner to the World's Fair, and Pedro R. d

The New-York had hoisted her anchors and started up to her pier when the Blackbird, flying several Spanish flags, have in sight. She slowed up and the Blackbird went alongside, off St. George, S. 1. The members of the reception committee went on board the New-York, and were introduced to the Duke de-Veragua and his party by Commander Dickins. The entire party, together with Lieutenant Everett Havden, of the United States Navy, were transferred to the Blackbird. A drizzling rain was falling, and the wind was keen and penetrating. The Duke wore a gray checked mackintosh, and the other members of the party were carefully wrapped up while passing to the smaller boat. When everything had been made as comfortable as possible on board the Blackbird. General Porter said that it was his pleasure to wei come the Duke in behalf of the city of New-York, and that with his guest's permission he would speak in French. He then said:

that with his guest's permission he would speak in French. He then said:

Your Excellency: The Columbian Celebration Committee of the City of New-York, composed of His Honor the Mayor and 100 citizens, has delegated to the committee which has waited upon you, and of which I have the honor to be president, the very agreeable duty of extending to Your Excellency a most cordial welcome to New-York, and presenting to you the freedom of the city. Our citizens are not unfamiliar with the distinguished services you have rendered in the public offices you have so honorably gilled in your own land—a land the foresight and generality of whose sovereigns made possible the memorable voyage which resulted in the discovery of this country, which has since become the home of so many prosperous and happy people.

Our citizens are impressed with a deep sense of the peculiar fitness and significance of Your Excellency's visit to attend the opening of our international Exposition, an Exposition organized especially to signalize and celebrate the crowning triumph of the career of your illustrious ancestor, who by his indomitable courage, his steadfast faith and his rare intellectual accomplishments, was able to give a new world to civilization, to science and to commerce. I shall do myself the honor to call upon you at your hotel immediately after your arrival and present to you the resolutions passed by the Aldermen and Commonalty of New-York, and approved by His Honor the Mayor, extending to you the freedom of the city.

The Duke responded in French, expressing his appreciation of the honor conferred upon him and

The Duke responded in French, expressing his appreciation of the honor conferred upon him and thanking the committee for its share in the affair.

The Blackbird arrived at Twenty-second-st., North River, at 9:30 a. m. Here the party was kept waiting for over an hour, owing to the failure of the carriages to arrive. Omnibuses and landaus were finally secured from the Waldorf, and the party were trans-ferred to that hotel, where the "State apartment suite" had been prepared to receive them. The apartment was decorated with flowers, including a large piece sent by the Chamber of Commerce. The Waldorf floated the Spanish flag and will continue to

o so while the Duke is its guest.

At 11:30 o'clock a reception was held in the state sining-room, and Mayor Gilroy presented to the Duke an engrossed copy of the resolutions conferring upon him the freedom of the city. The scroll was white parchment, engrossed in colors and hung corocco, lined with red and yellow silk interweaving in national colors of Spain. In outline letters across a suroll was the date 1402. Among those present ere Commander and Mrs. Dickins, Mrs. Gilroy, Mrs. oldt, General Horace Porter, Isidor Straus, Richard

M. Hunt, George B. McClellan, Cornellus N. Bliss, Dr. J. H. Demorest, George T. Davidson, Perry Belmont, Charles R. Flint, Francis Lynde Stelson, Alexander E. Orr and Henry W. Camon.

According to the records of the Custom House, the Duke of Verngua is the only foreigner, save Lafayette, who has been received to this country as the Nation's guest. The Duke's baggage, as belonging to a guest of the Nation, was not laspected by the customs officials, nor were any questions asked him by the Surveyor or any of his assistants.

was not inspected by the customs officials, nor were any questions asked him by the Surveyor or any of his assistants.

After luncheon the Duke of Veragua, the Marquis Barboles and Commander Dickins went driving. They drove through Central Park and Riverside Park and visited Grant's tomb. They also called on Mayor Gliroy at his home in One-nundred and-twenty-first si. In the evening a serrande was given to the Duke by the Spanish Colony and by the Spanish Club. Circulo Colon Cervantes. At 9 o'clock the 7th Regiment Fand took position under the windows of the "State apartment suite" in Fifth ave, and played Spanish and American airs, including the Spanish National March. "Espanish la Paloma," "Hall Columbia," etc. Red fire was burned, and the Spanish far displayed. The Duke appeared on the balechy for a few moments, but the void piercing night air soon forced him to retire. He was greeted with cheers. The Duchess Pona Maria and her brother, and other members of the Ducal party also appeared on the balecony or at the windows.

the Ducal party also appeared on the balcony or at the windows.

A delegation of Spanish citizens was received by the Duke at the close of the serenade. Pedro M. de Flores made an address of welcome, and Juan de Navarro informed the Duke of his election as honomary president of the Circulo Colon Cervanies. The Duke de Veragna responded to each speaker, and accepted the honorary office to which he had been elected, thanking his fellow-countrymen for the honor bestowed upon him. Arturo Cuyas read an original poem written for the occasion. Among those present were J. M. Coballos, who had charge of the arrangements; Antonio Cuyas, Jr., Fernando Miranda, Dr. Juan N. Navarro, Enrique Roso, S. Mallet-Prevost, Emilio M. Castillo, R. A. S. Smith, John S. Fiske, Francisco García, Jose A. Vega, John de Barril, Alberto Falcon, Cesarreo Vigil, Alvaro García and Jachto Cotta.

At 11 o'clock this forenoon the Duke and party will attend a solemn high mass at the Cathedral. Architshap Corrigan will be the celebrant. It is expected that during the remainder of the day the Duke will remain quietly at his hotel, or perhaps take a drive in the Park. On Monday evening a theatre party will probably be arranged, and on Thesday there will be a reception at the City Hall, at 1 p. m. On Wednesday the Chamber of Commerce will give a reception at the Waldor', in henor of the Duke. The Duke will remain in this city until Satarday, when he will go to Washing on.

THE CROP OUTLOOK IN THE WEST.

GOOD PROSPECTS FOR SPRING WHEAT-A TRYING

WEEK FOR WINTER WHEAT. Chleago, April 15 (Special).-The present week has given almost all kinds of weather-spring, summer, and winter. The country in general is dry, and some areas are on the verge of a drouth. This condition prevails in Texas and all the way north from New-Orleans to Cairo and from Cairo to Chicage. Kansas and Missouri are sadly in need of rain. Illinois bas had solde rain this week in the southern and central portions of the State. In what is commonly called The spring wheat belt," the ground is in fine condition, thoroughly saturated with moisture, and as as it dries off a little, seeding will be rapidly done On the lighter lands in Minnesota, seeding will be shed in ten days. In South Dakota from 50 to 75 per cent of the wheat is now in the ground, but so far none of it is up. North Dakota reports the ground in excellent condition, but not as good progress has been made with spring seeding as in South Osbota. In lowa all the spring wheat is sown and the oat crop is practically all in the ground, which could not have been in better shape, early-sown oats are just coming up. In Nebraska the

Corn seems to have a good start all around. Taking the winter wheat crop as a whole, there has been no general improvement in its condition since the first of the month. What has operated so favorably, so far as spring crops are concerned, has had a contrary effect upon the winter wheat crop. I'm to the present week April has been a forcing month. The weather all over the winter wheat belt has been like that of July, and there have also been dry, scorching winds. The effect has been had on the crops in Indiana and Illinois. In many parts of southwestern Michigan, wheat fields are being plouthed up and planted to corn and other cereal crops. The little drying winds, and lack of rain retarded the spring growth. Fruit north of the Ohlo River promises a good crop. Corn seems to have a good start all around.

TESTING A NEW WIRE-WOUND GUN.

Philadelphia, April 15 (special), -A gun designed Penn, this afternoon. It is wire-wound, but it differs from its predecessers in not having for its core a take, but twelve segments running full length and assembled like harrel staves. By this method Mr. Brown is able to apply an external pressure by wire far greater than other cores will stand-namely. 100,000 pounds per square tach of inner surface of The gun tested to-day had a caliber of five inches and is nineteen feet or about forty-four calibers long. The projectile was a one-pound contral solid shot; three shots were fired with twenty, twenty-five and thrty pounds of pawder, made after a new formula, and about 25 per cent stronger than the black powder. The firing was from a nd possessor of certain other qualifications he platform freight car, with a mountain-side for a tarres reached 25,200 in the first test 33,800 in the second and 60,000 in the third. Two 33,800 in the second and 60,000 in the third. Two gauges were used in each instance, so that these figures are trustworthy. The present limit of pressure with safety, according to the standard of the Army, is now 37,000 and the Navy 33,000 pounds. The gau will be sent to Sandy Hook early next week for Government tests. Among those present were General F. P. Whipple, Colonel H. G. Litchfield, Lieutenant G. N. Whistler, all of the Army; Lieutenant J. N. Hagenman, United States Navy; Lieutenant F. De Cloth, of the French Navy.

OBJECT TO TEXAS CATTLE IN THE STRIP.

Guthrie, Ok., April 15.-Thousands of Texas caltle are now being unloaded at every station in the C crokee Strip. Most of those are driven overland to the Osage reservation; but their presence will, it is asserted, so infect the strip with germs of Spanish fever that all native or Northern cattle taken on the land within a year will take the fever and die The prospective settlers are indignant that the Gov ernment should allow the cattlemen to bring in Texas cattle.

SAILING OF THE CHICAGO GRAIN FLEET.

Chicago, April 15.-Last night the first grain laden steamer of the season cleared from this port for the Eist, and before daylight to-morrow the greatest grain fleet that ever left Chicago at the opening of navigation will be well started under way -this, too, at a date that is almost unprecedentedly early for the opening of the season. The fleet carries, all told, 11,000,000 bushels of grain.

Boston, April 15.-The Board of Gas Comm sioners this afternoon voted to fix the price of gas supplied by the Boston Gas Company in the city of Boston proper at \$1 per thousand cubic feet; the order goes into effect May 1.

A "festival of the seasons," given under the supervision of Miss J. E. Ward yesterday after non and evening, drew many people to the parlors of the Hotel Brunswick. The festival was for the benefit of the society for Befriending Self-Supporting Women.

The bazar feature of the festival opened early in the afternoon. It was then that the "sensons" madtheir appearance in the persons of a score of young and gayly dressed women, who took charge of the booths of fancy articles. "Spring" was represented by Miss Hegenbotham. She was assisted at her booth by Miss Ernesta Stevens, Mrs. Tegna Smith, Mis. Valene Smith, Mrs. Frederick Martin, Miss Williamson,

Miss Kingsland and Miss Hirde.

The part of "Summer" was taken by Miss Grace
Pond. Her assistants were Miss Tulita Pond, Miss Goldner, Miss Whiting, Miss Giffing, Miss Julia Doyle,

Miss Brown and the Misses Foote.

Miss D. R. Lefferts was "Autumn." Her aids were Miss Harrison, Mrs. Cittord Jaffrey, Miss Seiderberg and the Misses Haigh.

As "Winter," Miss Throop appeared. At her booth were Miss Grace Hodgkins, Mrs. Dore Lyon, Mrs.

were Miss Grace Hodgans, Mrs. Dose Lyon, Mrs. C. K. Rankin, Miss Besde Lefferts, Miss D. Brown. Miss Prince at a Miss Holloway.

In the evening the concert part of the programme was performed. The soloists were Miss Grace, Julia Hodgkins, contratio; Miss Cobin, soprano; Miss Mable Phipps, Louis Blersack and Dr. John Lyrch, vielth. After the concert the ballroom of the hole was thrown open for dancing, which lasted until midnight.

THE HOME OF EX-MAYOR GRACE SOLD

Among the real-estate transactions recorded yes erday was the sale of the house No. 31 East Thirty eighth-st., the home of ex-Mayor William R. Grace.
The new owner is Tasie N. Bull, the wife of WPI
lam L. Bull, a former president of the New York Stock Exchange. The price was \$100,000. Mr. Grace and his family have gone to their country placeat Great Neck, L. I. Daniel J. Kelly, of Brooklyn, yesterday sold twenty-two building lots fronting in Amsterdam-ave., Seventy-ninth-st. and Eightleth-st., to John S. Robinson, of this city, for \$460,000. The sale was made subject to a purchase money mortgage for \$300,000 given by Mr. Kelly to Abby E. Elodgett

and the other helrs of the Blodgett estate. Mr. Robinson said to a reporter last night: "I sold four lots of this property at the southwest corner of Amsterdam-ave, and Eightleth-st, to-day for \$80,000. A syncleate of capitalists headed by Charles II. Parsons has already started to build a seven-story family hotel on the lots, which will cost \$260,000. It will be finished next fall."



Grav Hair. I have just received for this scason the most superby of human Hair. The

The latest designs in Tertoire Shell Drauments A. SIMONSON. 911 BROADWAY, 20TH & 21ST STS.

THEY ADJOURN IN DISHONOR

DEMOCRATIC SENATORS SUPPRESS THE ROACH INQUIRY.

THE SENATE'S SPECIAL SEISION ENDED-AN AGREEMENT DELIBERATELY VIOLATED-

Washington, April 15.-The Democratic majority In the Senate has covered itself with dishonor. After the Senate had seated a man in unconsciousness of the fact that he had been a defaulter and an bezzler of trust funds; after it had become known that ne had been a fugitive from justice; after he had refused even to deny the accusations against him after he, on his own behalf, and his colleague of behalf of the State of North Dakota, had both de manded an investigation of the accusations against him, the Democratic respority, in violation not only and decency, refused even to allow a vote to be taket had jurisdiction to inquire into the charges and ha

riedly adjourned the special session sine This was done in the face of an agreement in op Senate between Senators Harris, representing majority, and senator Hoar, representing the minority n agreement against which not a shadow of objection appeared when it was made early in to-day's sitting. Tals agreement was repudiated by the ma-lerity, which ingloriously fled from the field, carrying off an associate with a besmirched reputation in order that his vote might be available for future party emergencies. This smirched statesman is not only creened by, but he has been made chaleman Senate Committee to Investigate Trespassers on Indian Lands and appointed a member of the Committee or Indian Affairs, the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry, the Committee on the Five Civilized Triber and the Committee on Irrigation.

It has been said that the refusal of the Democrati to allow a vote on the Roach resolutions was in vio lation of an agreement in open Senate. It came about in this way: Senator Hoar had entered a motion to reconsider the vote by which the resolution was adopted, to notify to the President that the Senate was ready to adjourn if he had no further business for It. Senator Harris, the author of the resolution to-day asked Mr. Hoar to withdraw the motion. senator Hour replied that If he could receive an assurance that a vote would be taken on the Reach resolution before adjournment he would do so, and Mr. Harris assented, whereupon the motion to rensider was withdrawn by Senator Honr. Late in the afternion an executive session was held to clear the calendar of pending nominations-the President having informed the Senate in the mean time that he after the executive session it became known that there was to be no vote on the Roach resolutions Democrats evidently were afrold to face the music and place themselves upon the record. They might as well have done so, for every intelligent must knows where they stand.

The debate on the resolution to-day was by no means an unprofitable one, so far as the Republicanwere concerned. Senator Platt's speech left the Democrats without a leg to stand on. He said that the but of criminality. The charge was that Roach had been guilty of a crime and had become a fugitive from justice. So far as he knew, this charge had never been denied by Roach or by any other person When Mr. Reach presented his credentials and took his seat on March 4 there was no hint or suggestion able that the facts were known to the Legislature North Dakota when it elected him. He had held his sect two weeks before the charges were published until March 28, when Mr. Hoar offered his resolution for an investigation. At this point Senator Falmer desired to know whether any responsible person has fathered the charges, and Mr. Platt replied that the oding resolution which had been favorably reported from the Committee on Privileges and Elections by r Vance was a sufficient reply to this question

All this time Senator Roach, the "man of splendid nerve," sat in his sent alternately engaged in writ ing letters and reading a book. During the entire debate, indeed, he paid no heed to the speakers.

Senator Platt remarked that if the Senate had the right to make the proposed inquiry he thought no Senator would object to it. To deny the right of the senate to purge itself of each members was propoterous. He continued: "Suppose that this charg-against the Senator from North Dahota is true. Must we sit here with an embezzler and legislate against embezziement and other crimes? We cannot do it.

Senator Platt's argument in favor of the right and ower of the Senate in its discretion to investigate alleged misconduct of members prior to their election. and to expel them by a two-thirds vote if the circumstances were such as to demand it, were conclusive and impregnable. He said that the precedents were necessarily few, in the nature of things, but he showed that in at least three cases the Senate had taken jurisdiction and investigated charges affecting senators on account of acts alleged to have been com-

mitted before their election. Senator Mills undertook to reply, and he spote with great energy, not to say vehemence, for more than an hour. He referred to Mr. Roach's "embarrassments" and deplored and reprolated "the spirit which inspired men to go nosing about to dig up something in the past record of a man in order to smirch his reputation." Mr. Mills made a touching scriptural allusion and begged the wholed Republicans "to cast a vell of oblivion." over the acts of the erring. He took the broad ground that the schatch has no right to expet one of its members excent for "disorderly behavior" as a Schator. Of course Sonator Mills exhibited a tender regard for the Constitution of the United States, as thus construed by him. General Hawley spoke briefly but forcildy, in sapport of the resolutions. Among other things, he said that not more than two or three members of the North Dakota Legislature knew anything about the charges against Roach at the time of his election, and that having elected him the State is now power-less. If the charges had been known at that thae, Mr. Chandler took occusion to reply to some ridiculous and labse assertions in regard to himself, which were made by Mr. Voorhees yestedny, and to invite the most searching inquiry into his personal and official integrity. something in the past record of a man in order to

the most searching luquiry into his personal and offi-cial integrity.

Senator Voorhees's lame reply was that he had not accused the New-Hampshire Secator of wrong-doing, but had merely repeated a sertions which he heard, and that not very long ago.

Senator Hamsbrough obtained the floor and, despite a Democratic attempt to choke him off, was allowed to appeal to the Senate, on behalf of his State, to grant the request of Mr. Roach that the resolution offered by Senator Hoar be adopted and the investi-gation be undertaken. Mr. Hansbrough's appeal was met with a chorus of objections.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.

OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

Washington, April 15 (Special).-The office-seeker experienced two separate and distinct shocks of disappointment to-day. The first list of nominations received at the Senate was a short one and contained no names for other than local offices. second list was even shorter, containing only two names, neither of which is familiar to Snapper or Joseph S. Miller, of West Virginia, to be Commis-

sioner of Internal Revenue. John W. Riddle, of Minnesota, to be Secretary the Legation of the United States to Turkey. Hewson E. Lannan, of Delaware, to be Marshal of the United States for the District of Delaware for the District of San Francisco, Cal.

Assistant Suppeous James C. Perry, of North Carolina, and Alexander C. Smith, of New-York, to be Passed Assistant Surgeons in the Marine Hospital service of the United States.

William L. Kee, of nest Virginia, to be principal

ommissioner of Internal Revenue, was not wholly xpected, despite the fact that ex-Governor Campbell and other Ohio Democrats had asserted, with great confidence, that the prize had already been ellotted to ex-Congressman J. Q. Smith, of that State, a former Republican, who deserted his party some years ago

conversion to free trade. It may be that threa to have been made by Senator Brice, whose friends have been thus far ignored or forgotten by the Ad-ministration in the distribution of official favors, that he would oppose Mr. smith's confirmation, produced some effect upon the Fresident and led him to conclude that it would be wiser not to send the nomine tion to the Senate. The appointment of Mr. Miller marks another exception to the general rule which lars ex-officeholders from reappointment. He held the same office during Mr. Cleveland's first Administration, and won the reputation of a faithful and efficient He will, however, find the Internal Revenue service in better condition than he left it, and it will squire all his ability and energy to maintain the tandard of efficiency which now exists. Mr. Miller standard of efficiency which now exists. Mr. Miller probably owes his reappointment, in part, to the pleasant personal relations between the President and nimself, which began carly in Mr. (leveland's first Administration, and were cultivated during a number f fishing excursions to the mountain streams of West

f fishing excursions to Virginla.

Arr. Riddle, who has been named as Secretary of Legardon at Constantinople, is a stepson of Judge Flandreau, of St. Paul, who is a Minnesota pioneer and a leading Democrat, enjoying the friendship and confidence of the Democratic boss," of that State. Mr. Riddle, it is said, has travelled and fived abroad. He is wholly without diplomatic training or experience, as is the new Minister to Turkey, under whom he is to

A PACIFIC COALING STATION.

THE GALLAPAGOS ISLANDS GRANTED BY ECUADOR.

A TREATY SAID TO BE PENDING IN THE SENATE -MINISTER MAHANY SECURES THE

Washington, April 15.-There is excellent authority or stating that the United States Government has oncluded a treaty with the Government of Ecuado by which the United States is given the right to ac quire a cooling station in the Gallapagos Isles, a position of vantage in the Pacific Ocean, and so situ-ited as to be of vast importance to naval vessels. This important concession is the result of negotiation hat have been carried on for some tim Howland B. Mahany, the United States Minister Fenader, and the Ecuadorian Department of Foreign The treaty, it is said, was signed some time last month and immediately forwarded to Washington. It is believed that it was sent to the Senate this week and is now in possession of that body awaiting rati-

The Sundry Civil bill for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1833, contained a general provision for the acquirement of such stations, as follows: "For previding mayal and costing stations, \$250,000, to be ex-pended under the direction of the President." Th olli became a law August 5, 1892, and the State Department immediately took the matter in hand, The large American interests in South America and recent trouble with Chill influenced the selection of the Gallapages Isles. The United States has already acquired rights to

maintain coaling stations at Pago Pago and Pearl River, and is now maintaining a station at Honolulu. All these places are in the Pacific, but the failure t take possession of any of them except the last named take possession of sny of them except the last named has made the United States Navy weak in this connection, and has proved neither economical nor safe. The treaty secures the right to a coaling station to the exclusion of all other nations.

The Gallapagos Isles are fifteen in number, five large and ten small, forming an archipelago. They are situated about 500 or 600 miles west of Ecuador, and have an estimated area of 2.250 square miles. Three of the Islands—Charles, Chatham and Albemarle—are Inhabited. Since 1820 they have been used by the Government of Ecuador as a penal settlement for political offenders. The Islands are situated on the equator, but are not intensely hot. They are directly between the routes prescribed by the Navy Department for vessels sproceeding from San Francisco to Callso and to Valparaiso, and are also on the naval route between Honolulia and Callao and Guayaquii.

A BRIEF TELEGRAM FROM MR. BLOUNT PORT EXPECTED THIS WEEK.

Washington, April 15 .- A telegram from Mr. Blour partment this morning confirming the news tele graphed vesterday from San Francisco regarding hi ction in Honolulu. The telecram was brief, merel seciting the fact that the marines had been relieved from duty on shore and had returned to their quar-ters on the Boston. A full report from Mr. Blount is expected to reach Washington next week by mail.

Washington, April 15.-Colonel Carlie has informed ant Brumback, the alleged insane officer, who disap finally seen in the wilds of Idaho, is on its way to the department. Lieutenant Brumback has tendered is resignation several times before, but it was not eccepted owing to his mental condition. isappearance he has shown himself shrewd and able to care for himself, and it is understood that his signation will be accepted when it reaches Wash-

Washington, April 15,-A new policy in the deal- to put up a frame building near the bridge on appointed the Commissioner and the Assistant Com-missioner of Indian Affairs. Judging from what he

Tammany Society's next treasurer, as the success of Arthur Leary, will be Peter F. Meyer, Mr. Croker' cal estate partner. With the single exception of Mr. Meyer, for whose advancement the death of Mr. Leary made the opening, the ticket to be voted to-morrow night will be the same as was elected last year, as John J. Gorman, Charles Welde, John H. V. Arnold, Bernard F. Martin, Richard Croker, Charles M. Clancy William H. Clark, John McQuade, Thomas L. Feltner Charles E. Simmons, Henry D. Purroy; secretary, John B. McGoldrick; treasurer, Peter F. Meyer; sagamore, William H. Dobbs, wiskinskie, Daniel M. Donegan. The father of the council and the scribe ars elected by the Board of Sachems, and John J. Gorman and Maurice F. Holahan will be re-elected to these places. The meeting for installing the suchems will be held May 12, and on May 19, one cek later, they must meet to elect the grand sachem, which office the Mayor has held for two years, but there have been exceptions to the rule. Augustus Mayor Gilroy says he is anxious to be relieved. Columbian Order, but if it is decided to retain him their votes on several candidates, no one of which will have a majority, and Grand Sachem Gilroy will then hold over another year. Every member who votes to morrow night must pay \$1 to the freasurer of the society. No other dues are collected.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF WORKING GIRLS.

A concert for the benefit of the Working Girls inlid of St. Mark's Church was given yesterday afternoon at Sherry's, under the direction of William Edward McHigau. There was a large attendance The programme was opered by Richard Arnold with a violin solo. Others taking part in the concert were a void solo. Others taking part in the concert were Robert H. Hatch. Mrs. Le Char-Mullgan, Arthur Friedhein, John C. Fempsey, Mrs. Best. Mr. Ochilles, Mr. Bedlow, Miss Bessie F. Talman, Mrs. Chapman-Lindan, J. Gerbel, Vat. Eenvselaer Wheeler, Mr. Branne and Miss Florence A. Monagiam.

ASKING THAT HAYES BE RELEASED ON BAIL Ex Judge George M. Curtis, of New-York, and Sen

ator Charles P. McClellan appeared before Justice Dykman at a special term of the Supreme Court, at White Pinins, yesterday, and asked the Court to admit Colonel William B. Hayes, who is now in sing Sing decision by the General Term in May, of an appeal was opposed by counsel from the New-York District Attorney's office. The motion was to have been made before Justice Prait, in Brooklyn, yesterday, but was transferred to Judge Dykman's court by consent of counsel. Judge Dykman took the papers and reserved decision.

VICE-PRESIDENT .ºº

"Bethesda certainly passesses medicinal properties

GRAND STREET, N. Y.

MEN'S FURNISHING HALF HOSE

HALF VALUE.

800 DOZ. FINE IMPORTED COT-TON HALF HOSE, comprising black. tan, mode, slate and fancy stripes, HALF PRICE.

Fifteen cent Half Hose, 8c. per pair.

Twenty-five cent Half Hose, 15c. per pair.

Thirty-eight cent Half Hose, 19c. per pair.

Fifty cent Half Hose, 23c. per pair.

CARPETS

Entire New Spring Line.

Extra Inducement. Carpets Sewed, Lined and Laid

FREE OF CHARGE and without extra cost, within our

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MATTINGS From \$4.90 per roll of 40 yds. CARPET REMNANTS

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FURNITURE.

OUR NEW SPRING LINE of substantial and artistic make, suitable for PARLOR, BEDROOM.

DINING ROOM, KITCHEN, HALL, &C. Special quotations given for the furnishing of HOTELS, COTTAGES

and SEASIDE RESORTS. Preight charges prepaid to all parts on Long RIDLEY'S FURNITURE STORE,

289 GRAND ST., S. W. Cor. Eldridge St.

EDW. RIDLEY & SONS. 309 to 321 Grand St., N. Y.

MORE TROUBLE FOR P. J. GLEASON.

SIMON SCULLY TO MAKE A NEW STEP IN LONG

ISLAND CITY'S WAR. The war between simon scully and ex-Mayor Gleason, of Long Island City, is still on. Gleason has prevented Scully from removing his house in Borden-ave, as the house movers would have to cut the trolley wires of Gleason's electric road to move CHANGES LOOKED FOR IN THE INDIAN POLICY. Gleason's road at the Eorden-ave, bridge. He proposes ings of the general Government with its Indian wards is to be begun by President Cleveland, according to a the drawbridge. The creek has not been used for President this morning. It is said to be the President's purpose to diverce the Indian Eurean from politics and it was in line with this feature. obstruction to Gienson's road, which runs to Calvary Cemetery. Ex-Mayor Gleason says that if Scully at-

tempts to carry out his scheme he w.ll stop him by said, it is probable that he will detail officers of the courts, the Army for duty as agents at every Indian agency in the country.

It is said the country.

It is said meeting will It is said that the Common Council at their next meeting will pass an ordinance imposing a tax of \$5 on every electric pole in the city. All these poles are

wned by Gleason. Ex Mayor Gleason said yesterday that he had re eived no official notice that the Grand Jury had ndicted him for conspiracy and auditing a fraudulent fill against the city, and he did not know whether the report that he had been indicted was true or not.

SEABOLD'S RECORD FACES HIM NOW.

HE CALLS HIS ARREST AND IMPRISONMENT A

Jacob Scabold, Tammany Hall leader of the IXIXth Assembly District, is a candidate for the vacancy in the office of Commissioner of Street Improvements in the Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth wards, caused by the death of Louis J. Heintz, and has sent many delegations representing Democratic clubs, taxpayers' associations and citizens' societies to Mayor Gilroy, urging his selection. But Seabold's chances have received a serious setback through the publication of the court records of Middlesex County, N. J., by which it appears that he was indicted, tried and convicted in 1868 for grand larceny and that he was imprisoned for the same from October 10, 1868, The crime of which Scabold was convicted was the theft of a horse, harness and buggy, valued in all at \$400, from a livery-stable keeper of New-Brunswick, N. J., named William Messerole, who still lives in that place. Mr. Messerole, in a published interview, says that Seabold offered the rig for sale In Metnchen for \$125. His object, as given by Messerole, was to raise money with which to get married. The property was afterward recovered in Weehawken. Messerole says that it cost him \$175 to get back his property and secure the arrest of hold, not a dollar of witch has been repute him Mr. Seabold in explanation of the affair said that it was "only a schoolboy episode." He thought that the disclosure would have little effect in the contest

for the Street Commissionership, and said that he was sure if it was to be decided by a vote of the people of the Annexed District he would be succes Many disinterested Tummany men think differently. Said one yesterday who has the Mayor's confidence: The man who has power to make appointments does not like to have it thrown up to him that he Seabold may be taken care of ret, but Thomas J. Gilroy is not now likely to lif him into so conspicuous a place as Commissioner of Street provements in the Annexed District and make tim

provements in the Annexed District and make 14m a member of the Board of Street Opening, of which the Mayor is chairman."

Sabold was Deputy Commissioner of Street Cleaning under Commissioner James S. Coleman for some time prior to 1888. He has been Henry D. Purroy's chief Bentemant in the territory above the Harlem for many yeers, and left the County Democracy with Purroy, Johning Tammany Hall early in 1889.

A trim little craft is "Steam and Sall," which was launched yesterday and christened with printer's link. H. H. Reilly, well and favorably known as a salpnews reporter, raised the wind and he has a corps of clever assistants, who are helping him keep up the steam. The new marine journal, "Steam and Sall," the first number of which was published yesterday. will be devoted to news of the sea, lake and river. The editor says that his paper will surprise the "shell-backs who follow the sea behind rolling desks." It forses, Carriages Etc.

AT AUCTION. WM. EASTON, AUCTIONERS

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE The following

SPECIAL SALES

HIGH-CLASS HARNESS AND SADDLE HORSES

TATTERSALLS' SALE REPOSITORY, 55th-st, and 7th-ave., New-York.

MONDAY, APRIL 17, AT 11 A. M. The property of MESSRS, GRENSIDE & McGIBBON, "THE GUELPH STABLES," GUELPH, CANADA.

FORTY-EIGHT head of CANADIAN HORSES and SAD-DLE HORSES. HUNTERS, HACKS, &c., of the highest class and the most approved types. THIS WELL-KNOWN FIRM needs no introduction to the patrons of the New-York merket; the reputation of "The Gueiph Stables" is second to none in the country— a fact emphasized by the great number of PRIZE WIN-NERS that have been soid from it; among them may be mentioned "ONIARIO," the high jumper; the in-vincible "IAUDERDALE"; Mr. Hamilly high step-per, "CANADIAN QUEEN"; the successful middle-weight hunters "NWEELHEART" and others.

TUESDAY, APRIL 18, AT 11 A. M. The property of MR. G. W. CRAWFORD, SHARON VALLEY FARM, NEWARK, OHIO.

HORSES, specially selected the RET.

THE COMPLETE SATISFACTION to purchasers that has invariably attended Mr. RAWFORD'S sales in the past justifies us in assuming that the lot to be sold by us for him on the above-mentioned date will be fully equal, if not superior, to any consignment that he has ever shipped from his well-known etablishment.

THURSDAY, APRIL 20, AT 11 A. M. The property of MR. C. L. RAILEY, MIDWAY, KY.

THIRTY-SIX head of the VERY HIGHEST CLASS ENTUCKY SADDLE AND HARNESS HORSES obtained in that country. MR RAILEY is so well and favorably known in the New-York market that comment is scarcely necessary—the fact cannot be disputed that there is NO BEATER JUDGE LIVING, and it is superfluous to add that his INTEGRITY is absolutely beyond question or reproach. This VALUABLE CONSIGNMENT is the VERY BEST that money could buy. They have all been broken and train d under MR. RAILEYS PERSONAL SUPERVISION, selected with the GREATEST POSSIBLE CARE, and prohounced by those in position to know to be EVEN BETTER (if such a thing te possible) than any that Mr. RAILEY has ever shipped to New-York.

QUITE AN IMPORTANT FEATURE in connection with this special sale will be TWO ELECTRIC LIGHT EAHIBITIONS of all the horses in this consignment during the evenings of TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18 AND 1b, commending each evening at 8. ATTERISALLES SALE REPOSITORY will be brilliantly illuminated on the above mentioned occasions. EXTECTAL CHAIRS WILL BE RESERVED FOR LADJES.

MONDAY, APRIL 24, AT 11 A. M. The property of THE WESTMINSTER STABLES, LONDON, CANADA.

FIFTY head of specialty selected HIGH-CLASS CANA-DIAN HARNESS and SADDLE HORSES, all of them of the most approved types imaginable.

THE WESTMINSTER STABLES stand almost without a rival in their particular line. MR. ADAM BECK, the proprietor, is not only a lover of a high-class horse, but there is no man living whose JUDGMENT AND INTEGRITY can better be relied upon.

FRIDAY, APRIL 28, AT NIGHT BY ELEC-TRIC LIGHT, The property of MESSRS. R. J. STEPHENS & CO., LAKE-WOOD, N. J.

TWENTY head of high-class MARNESS AND SADDLE HOUSES, including a number of HIGH STEPPERS, HUNTERS, LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S SADDLE HORSES, together with TEN COUPLE OF IMPORTED FORHOUNDS.

TUESDAY, MAY 2. AT NIGHT BY ELECTRIC LIGHT, The property of MR. S. S. HOWLAND, BELLWOOD STUD, MOUNT MORRIS, N. Y.

FORTY high-class, SPECIALLY SELECTED HARNESS and SADDLE HORSES, combining the very best of action and manners with exquisite breeding.

THIS VALUABILE LOT of houses have been carefully prepared to meet is every particular the special uses for which they are adapted, and the catalogue will contain, in addition to a number of very choice single harness and saidle horses, a superb collection of WELL-MATCHED and THOROUGHLY BROKEN CARRIAGE PAIRS.

MONDAY, MAY 8, AT 11 A. M. The property of THOMAS HITCHCOCK, JR., ESQ., AIKEN, S. C.

THIRTY-FIVE very choice HARNESS and SADDLE HORSES, together with a number of THOROUGHLY TRAINED HUNTERS.

MR. HITCHCOCK, having resigned the MASTERSHIP of the MEADOW BROOK HOUNDS, has deelfed to dispose of his entire STABLE OF VALUABLE HUNIERS, many of them very fast, being winners of races, and also PRIZE WINNERS at the late Horse Show.

MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY IM-MEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE OPEN-AIR HORSE SHOW.

AN IMPORTANT COMBINATION SALE OF WELL-BRED HACKNEYS, HIGH-CLASS HARNESS AND SADDLE HORSES, COBS, PONIES, FTC. THE UNQUALIFIED SUCCESS that has invariably ab-tended the various Horse Show Sales conducted under the management of Mr. WM, EASION, and by him for TATTERSALLS (of New-York), LIMITED is a suffi-cient guarantee that the above mentioned sale will be

cient guarantee that the above mentioned sale will be of much interest.

SPECIAL DAY will be devoted to the sale of High-CLASS and WELL-BRED RACKNEYS, and a number of prominent breeders have already signified their intention of making valuable entries.

STRIES are respectfully solicited for this important event, and should be made in amule time to receive the benefit of advance advertising and a prominent place is the catalogue.

TATTERSALLS' (OF NEW-YORK), LIMITED, 35th-st. and 7th-ave., New-York, WILLIAM EASTON, Managing Director.

a story of the sea by "Mickey" Finn; dozens of clever shits and nautical jokes, and there will be a bright first page cartoon every week. There are articled by Dr. Senner, Commissioner of Immigration; Gustav H. Schwab, Augustus T. Docharty and others. Samuel Wood, the marine theorist, tells the story of "Din Wood, the marine theorist, tells the story of "Dime Botts and the Steam Valve"; Walter S. Meriwether graphically describes the life of the ship news re-porters, and Edward Thimme, the guardian of the Shacksmaxon, tells some of the things he has heard at Ellis Island. Mr. Reilly expresses the hope that his readers will say "There are no barnacles on 16" when they see it in "Steam and Sail."

HIS MONEY LOST IN THE STEERAGE.

Louis Levink, a steerage passenger on the American Line steamer Berlin, complained yesterday to Com-missioner of Immigration Senner that he had been robbed of 300 marks while on his voyage from Southampton to New-York. He said that he became disastisfied with his quarters, and left his valies in the steerage while he went to see the purser about securing better accommodations. When he returned his valies containing the money was gone.

William F. Pecher, the organist and choir director to occupy the place now filled by Miss Olive Fremstadt. Miss Mary Louise Clary, who made her first appearance here a week ago with Damrosch, in the last of the Oratorio Society's concerts, is the suc-cessful singer. She is a niege of separter Squire, of Washington.